

1. Community pharmacy

Older people	SPGCOP act as Reference group Dementia Care Bundle
Diabetes SIG	The Diabetes SIG has supported the development and implementation of care bundles for community pharmacy.
Association of Scottish Antimicrobial Pharmacists (ASAP)	ASAP has delivered Pharmacy First education sessions to community pharmacists in most Scottish health boards to facilitate treatment of UTI and impetigo in the community.
Mental Health SIG	Developing enhanced care services for clozapine and lithium in community pharmacy.
Scottish Viral Hepatitis Pharmacy Group	Support service development, including education of pharmacy teams, to support care of patients with hepatitis C in the community setting
Scottish Pharmacists in Substance Misuse Group (SPiSMs)	Developing new ways of working and improving access to care by developing new services (Dry Blood Spot Testing (DBST) to detect blood borne viruses (Hepatitis B, C and HIV), take Home Naloxone training and supply, Pharmacist Independent Prescribing).
Association of Scottish Medicines Information Practitioners (ASMIP)	Provide reactive MI enquiry answering service (increasing demand).
Renal SIG	Specialist advice to community pharmacies (e.g. narrow therapeutic medicines, supply etc)
Scottish Hospital Pharmacists Education and Training group	Provide support for the NES Foundational training pilot in Community Pharmacy where resource allows
Pharmaceutical public health network	Hepatitis C - Implementation of testing and treatment services in community pharmacies to contribute to the delivery of the WHO target of Elimination of Hepatitis C as a Public Health concern by 2030. Emergency hormonal contraception - service transformed with a holistic assessment and introduction of bridging contraception and a long term aim to include Long Acting Reversible Contraception (LARC) to the service. Smoking Cessation - supporting community pharmacy smoking cessation service, developing service specs Immunisation - Developing immunisation model in community pharmacy linked to the Scottish Government's Vaccine Transformation Programme from GP contract discussions Chronic Medication Service - developing the service through use of a quality improvement approach with a pilot of Care Bundles and plans to develop an evidence base for effectiveness

<p>Scottish Oncology Pharmacy Practice Group (SOPPG)</p>	<p>Support the development of new models of care to include community pharmacy dispensing and/or administration of SACT, in line with the tiered service model for delivery of medicines. Supporting the training of community pharmacists to provide care to cancer patients for whom a cancer diagnosis may mean management of a long term condition.</p>
<p>Scottish Practice Pharmacy & Prescribing Advisors Association (SP₃AA)</p>	<p>To support work on the prescribing interface across healthcare sectors.</p>
<p>Primary Care Pharmacy Group</p>	<p>Development of Chronic Medication Service (Serial prescribing and dispensing and clinical element) Development of Pharmacy First and, potentially, Minor Ailment Service to whole population to have community pharmacy as first port of call for common clinical conditions Support prescribing activity in a community pharmacy setting, particularly relating to common clinical conditions Sexual health service development relating to new guidance from Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Health Support smoking cessation agenda in Scotland via Community Pharmacy</p>

2. GP practice-based pharmacy

Diabetes SIG	The SIG has supported development of the “specialist generalist pharmacists.”
Association of Scottish Antimicrobial Pharmacists (ASAP)	Many ASAP pharmacists also have a primary care pharmacist role and provide antibiotic prescribing information to their GP practices.
Mental Health SIG	Developing a ‘teach and treat’ model to support practice based pharmacists review the needs of people with mental health issues not under the care of specialist services
Scottish Viral Hepatitis Pharmacy Group	Engaging with homeless/vulnerable cohort of patient via dedicated GP services. Pharmacist –led clinics in this setting is being rolled out in 2018 in some boards
Scottish Pharmacists in Substance Misuse Group (SPiSMs)	Improving access to care by developing new services in some health board areas (with IPs)
Association of Scottish Medicines Information Practitioners (ASMIP)	Provide reactive MI enquiry answering service (increasing demand). Support the development of Core MI skills training, including the development of resources (e.g. “Resources to support answering medicines related questions in primary care in NHS Scotland”) Providing patient-tailored advice for complex patients at the interface
Renal SIG	Specialist advice to GP teams
Scottish Hospital Pharmacists Education and Training group	Link with Primary Care colleagues and provide support for both <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NES Foundational training particularly for basic grade rotational roles and • The NES learning pathway for pharmacists working in GP practices – some health boards delivering this support. <p>Currently most education and training pharmacists have an acute/hospital remit only however some are taking on primary care roles too – varies between Health Boards and where there are resources.</p>
Scottish Hospital Pharmacists Education and Training group	Support the delivery, development and coordination locally and regionally of <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NES Foundational Training e.g. assessors • NES PRPS e.g. facilitators at study days • Undergraduate and postgraduate students experiential learning • RPS hospital pharmacy standards e.g. clinical supervision, workforce development - generalist balanced with specialists, Faculty members <p>Work collaboratively to deliver summer student vocational training places across all hospitals in Scotland</p>

Pharmaceutical public health network	Alcohol- developing services to help patients reduce their alcohol intake
Scottish Oncology Pharmacy Practice Group (SOPPG)	Delivering safer use of medicines – board and networks must demonstrate compliance with “CEL 30 (2012) Revised guidance for the safe delivery of systemic anti-cancer therapy” Work with the SPSP to ensure safe delivery of SACT. Ensure access to ECS and improved medicines reconciliation/discharge planning processes for cancer patients. Consideration of how 7 day services could be provided for cancer patients, taking into account service redesign, workforce planning, etc.
Scottish Practice Pharmacy & Prescribing Advisors Association (SP ₃ AA)	To provide an expert forum to support delivery and share best practice on General Practice pharmacy and the implementation of national strategy including Achieving Excellence in pharmaceutical care and the pharmacotherapy service within the GP contract. To identify training needs and support delivery of improved Pharmaceutical Care in General Practices in NHS Scotland.
National Acute Pharmacy Services	Working closely with GP based pharmacists and community pharmacists to ensure seamless care and reduce potential medication related problems and errors. Area for further development including the need for development of appropriate IT. Working with and supporting GP based pharmacists to develop complex care Development of joint posts with primary care for both pharmacists and pharmacy technicians to further improve communication and collaboration and ensure we have a flexible workforce fit for the future Developing systems for communication and referral to pharmacists within both sectors
Primary Care Pharmacy Group	Maximise professional links between community pharmacy and workforce in GP practices to benefit patient care
National Pharmacy Technician Group Scotland (NPTGS)	Share roles and responsibilities undertaken in GP Practice and training provided to identify variation, best practice and gaps in education and training. Define skills required, explore development of national guidance for person specifications, job descriptions and SOPs. Link with primary care group SIG Develop a foundation framework for pharmacy technicians working in general practice (with NES). Input to subsequent development and pilot of this and other competency frameworks. Having membership from primary care, secondary care and community pharmacy will help to ensure frameworks are relevant for use across all sectors and support transferable skills. Link with primary care group SIG

3. Hospital pharmacy

Older people	<p>Work towards achieving standard 6 of Older People in Hospital Standards</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Local improvement methodology/ sharing good practice <p>Hospital at home</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Information gathering Sharing good practice
Association of Scottish Antimicrobial Pharmacists (ASAP)	Implementation of antibiotic prescribing guidelines, provision of education to healthcare staff on prudent antibiotic stewardship and audit of antibiotic prescribing by clinical teams.
Scottish Adult Critical Care Pharmacists Network (SACCPN)	SACCPN members are a key part of the InSPIRE team. This is a 5 week rehabilitation programme for patients and relatives after discharge from the Intensive care Unit funded by the Health Foundation. It is run by doctors, nurses, physiotherapists and pharmacists and helps support their recovery. This has been led to changing practise on wards, improving medicines reconciliation and linking into realistic medicines strategies.
Mental Health SIG	Develop a role for pharmacy within Liaison Psychiatry Services
Scottish Rheumatology Pharmacists Network Group (SRPN)	Supporting our peers to enhance the delivery of pharmaceutical care to patients with rheumatic diseases and push the boundaries of pharmacy practice. This is being achieved through national collaboration and communication on a daily basis as well as sharing and supporting best practice and service development.
Scottish Viral Hepatitis Pharmacy Group	<p>Advance service deliver in hospital setting</p> <p>(HCV specialist pharmacists integral members of MDT, DDI expertise, Drug resistance expertise, Liver disease expertise, Paediatric expertise, Independent prescribers, Monitor and reporting on expenditure for finance and senior management teams)</p>
Scottish Pharmacists in Substance Misuse Group (SPiSMs)	Support guideline and service development, including education of pharmacy teams.
Association of Scottish Medicines Information Practitioners (ASMIP)	<p>Support the development of Core MI skills training, including the development of resources (e.g. <i>“On-call information resources for NHS Scotland pharmacists”</i>)</p> <p>Continued support for complex enquiries in secondary care</p> <p>Providing and updating the evidence briefings to support the IPTR / PACS process.</p>

Renal Pharmacist group	Support to cover 7 day service for renal patients (requires staff and funding) Education of FY1s (increasing demand due to rotations) Investigate ways to enhance communication to community pharmacies re: discharge (electronic communication would be the ideal) Support clinics (e.g. hypertension in renal) at the interface.
Scottish Practice Pharmacy & Prescribing Advisors Association (SP₃AA)	To support work on the prescribing interface across healthcare sectors.
National Acute Pharmacy Services	Challenging prescribing practice to progress and develop the realistic medicine agenda Develop a vision and action plan for the future delivery of clinical pharmacy services (with DoPs) (e.g. including future service in line with hospital electronic medicines prescribing and administration (HEPMA) systems). Continue to develop and test of new models of medicines supply during hospital stay and at discharge to increase efficiency, reduce duplication and support patient flow. Developing new models of supply with community pharmacists for outpatients. Increasing numbers of Hospitals pharmacists are providing care to patients in the outpatients and day case setting as IPs managing the care of patients with chronic disease including rheumatoid arthritis, respiratory, disease, HIV, patients with cancer and cardiology patients. Implementing the RPS hospital pharmacy standards and working with the UK Benchmarking Network to collect data to compare services with other hospital pharmacies in hospitals across the UK.
Primary Care Pharmacy Group	Work with colleagues in hospital to support patients of specialist services receive their medicines and pharmaceutical care from their community pharmacist Maximise links to support ongoing pharmaceutical care after discharge
National Pharmacy Technician Group Scotland (NPTGS)	Enable skill mix optimisation by: analysing and evaluating data including national hospital skill mix survey; sharing clinical technical and innovative roles and responsibilities to identify variation, best practice and gaps in education and training, thereafter developing recommendations; Sharing and developing pharmacy support worker roles and identifying the E&T required to support new roles Implement system to monitor, review and share best practice in relation to agreed supply chain KPIs Share innovations and outcomes around supply of medicines at discharge Contribute to aseptic services review as appropriate Share improvement activities, outcomes of Tests of Change etc, enabled by a programme of contributors Establish a communication network with pharmacy technicians working in all sectors of practice Support 7-day working, eHealth, IT, automation agendas as well as sharing best practice/experiences/learning

4. Delivering safer use of medicines

Older people	Strategic engagement (HIS, SPSP, Polypharmacy)
CD Accountable Officers' Network and CD Working Group	<p>Management and Use of CDs</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provision of guidance and advice and the development of standard materials. • Supporting audit and inspection • Education and training.
CD Accountable Officers' Network and CD Working Group	<p>CD Incidents and concerns</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Encouraging the reporting of CD incidents and concerns, supporting their investigation and resolution. • Sharing the learning to reduce the risk of recurrence. • Approved documents are available on our website http://www.knowledge.scot.nhs.uk/accountableofficers.aspx
Scottish Adult Critical Care Pharmacists Network (SACCPN)	As a group we are working towards standardisation of practise where possible – initially focusing on Erythromycin and Phenytoin. We have ongoing work on drugs at extremes of body weight where our peer reviewed guidelines have been adopted by UKCPA and SICS. We are working towards standard concentrations of infusions as per national guidelines. Wherever possible the group seek for consensus of opinion to reduce variation.
Mental Health SIG	Continue to develop initiatives within SPSP programmes e.g. high risk medicines
Scottish Viral Hepatitis Pharmacy Group	Support guideline development and implementation and provide specialist knowledge for the development of staff and patient education.
Scottish Pharmacists in Substance Misuse Group (SPiSMs)	Proving specialist knowledge / experience to ensure safe, effective treatment (e.g. assessment of generic alternatives, reacting to shortages, assessment of new treatments and identification, and mitigation risk, from of medicines that are or have potential to be misused.
Association of Scottish Medicines Information Practitioners (ASMIP)	<p>Write and distribute material/information to support safer use of medicines (e.g. administration and effective supply)</p> <p>Working to provide medicines information in a Once for Scotland/Once for UK approach (e.g. IV monographs).</p> <p>Sharing information nationally via the Knowledge Hub re supply problems (with National Procurement) - especially critical during times of short supply</p> <p>Provide representation on UKMi Executive.</p> <p>Enhance ADRs reporting to MHRA directly from MiDatabank</p>
Renal Pharmacists group	Support effective medicines reconciliation process (in relation to renal patients)

Pharmaceutical public health network	<p>Hepatitis C- Implementation of testing and treatment services in community pharmacies to contribute to the delivery of the WHO target of Elimination of Hepatitis C as a Public Health concern by 2030.</p> <p>Emergency hormonal contraception- service transformed with a holistic assessment and introduction of bridging contraception and a long term aim to include Long Acting Reversible Contraception (LARC) to the service.</p> <p>Smoking Cessation- supporting community pharmacy smoking cessation service, developing service specs</p> <p>Immunisation- Developing immunisation model in community pharmacy linked to the Scottish Government's Vaccine Transformation Programme from GP contract discussions</p> <p>Chronic Medication Service- developing the service through use of a quality improvement approach with a pilot of Care Bundles and plans to develop an evidence base for effectiveness</p>
Scottish Practice Pharmacy & Prescribing Advisors Association (SP ₃ AA)	<p>To provide expert advice, and influence where appropriate, to those developing national benchmarking, indicators, strategies and policy, to help improve prescribing practice.</p> <p>To facilitate sharing, co-ordination, dissemination, collaboration and use of Board Prescribing Management Strategies, resources, tools and intelligence, to support good practice.</p>
National Acute Pharmacy Services	<p>Hospital Pharmacists are working with hospital doctors to develop improved systems for medicines reconciliation including use of technology and documentation</p> <p>A number of hospital pharmacy services already have information sheets about their services that could be further developed or promoted.</p>
Primary Care Pharmacy Group	Support quality improvement work within community pharmacy setting
National Pharmacy Technician Group Scotland (NPTGS)	<p>Medicines at the interface: sharing roles that cross the interface and current training provided to explore development of such roles elsewhere, job descriptions, person specifications and training needs</p> <p>Sharing approaches to improving safety around dispensing to minimise dispensing errors and improve patient safety</p>

5. Care homes and care at home

Older people	<p>Work towards national specifications for commissioning documents/ policies/ training for care services</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☑ Strategic work ☑ Local improvement methodology/ sharing good practice <p>Work towards national assessment tool for ability to manage medicines (for use by any health or social care worker)</p>
Association of Scottish Antimicrobial Pharmacists (ASAP)	Some antimicrobial pharmacists review antibiotic prescribing and deliver education sessions in care homes.
Mental Health SIG	Support the training needs of care home staff looking after patients with severe and enduring mental health issues e.g. clozapine training.
Scottish Rheumatology Pharmacists Network Group (SRPN)	We are committed to moving our care delivery toward the 2017 Scottish vision by delivering care in out-patient and near home settings and moving away from the hospital based traditional clinical pharmacist models.
Association of Scottish Medicines Information Practitioners (ASMIP)	Increased support due to complexity of patients & older population, e.g covert administration of medicines
Primary Care Pharmacy Group	Work with colleagues in social care settings to improve pharmaceutical care, including supporting care at home and care home colleagues around medicines safety and administration of medicines
National Pharmacy Technician Group Scotland (NPTGS)	Review current pharmacy roles in care homes and care at home, and identify where pharmacy technicians and pharmacy support workers can best contribute. Share current job descriptions, person specifications and training provision, identify training gaps and how these can be addressed

6. Remote and rural communities

Older people	Peer review for isolated practitioners (NES facilitated)
Mental Health SIG	Explore options to support the care needs of patients prescribed high risk medicines (clozapine, lithium) in remote or rural communities
Scottish Viral Hepatitis Pharmacy Group	Support service development in community pharmacy to increase access to care.
Scottish Pharmacists in Substance Misuse Group (SPiSMs)	Support service development in community pharmacy to increase access to care.
Association of Scottish Medicines Information Practitioners (ASMIP)	MI support via phone / email based enquiry submissions and CLEAR service on the Knowledge Network.
Scottish Hospital Pharmacists Education and Training group	Support as above for community and GP practice based pharmacy however more challenging in these communities
Scottish Oncology Pharmacy Practice Group (SOPPG)	Ensuring that cancer patients living in these communities have the same access to pharmacy services with options for delivery of SACT closer to home.
National Pharmacy Technician Group Scotland (NPTGS)	Contribute to ensuring accessible education and training for pharmacy technicians and pharmacy support workers that is fit for purpose Developing peer support to avoid risk of professional isolation due to limited pool of staff working in remote and rural areas

7. Pharmacy workforce

Older people	Educational session on developments in care of older people- NES hosted Expert Professional Practice ☑ Review and update OP framework ☑ Ongoing support
Diabetes SIG	Provision of education on prescribing in diabetes to pre regs, pharmacy undergraduates and other healthcare professionals.
Association of Scottish Antimicrobial Pharmacists (ASAP)	Provision of education on antimicrobial stewardship to community and acute sector pharmacists.
Scottish Adult Critical Care Pharmacists Network (SACCPN)	Our members are Independent Prescribers who are key members of the MDT and participate in ward rounds. We have ongoing work exploring skill mix. We are working towards ensuring GPICs staffing standards are attained. Individuals within our group have undertaken a wide range of research. This year two members received SICS awards. Members have given national and international presentations, twice a year we undertake specialist peer review and a number of members have had papers published.
Mental Health	Support mental health literacy across all pharmacy sectors Challenge stigma within Pharmacy
Scottish Rheumatology Pharmacists Network Group (SRPN)	Supporting our peers to enhance the delivery of pharmaceutical care to patients with rheumatic diseases and push the boundaries of pharmacy practice. This is being achieved through national collaboration and communication on a daily basis as well as sharing and supporting best practice and service development.
Scottish Viral Hepatitis Pharmacy Group	Supporting the development of specialist pharmacists, clinical pharmacy technicians, independent prescribers within the speciality. Supporting the development of community pharmacy teams.
Scottish Pharmacists in Substance Misuse Group (SPiSMs)	Reduce stigma within this patient group Support the development of non-pharmacists staff in new ways of working (e.g. DBST for Hep B,C and HIV). Integrated and multidisciplinary working in Health and Social care to advance practice.
Association of Scottish Medicines Information Practitioners (ASMIP)	Education of skilled MI practitioners (pharmacists, technicians & information scientists) Developing MI competencies for the SVTS training scheme with NES. Coordination of a national MI minimum training package to support pharmacists in training/new roles.
Scottish Hospital Pharmacists Education and Training group	Support the delivery of the new 5 year integrated undergraduate course Support and influence developments around the postgraduate career framework review RPS hospital pharmacy standards e.g. clinical supervision, workforce development - generalist balanced with specialists, faculty members

Pharmaceutical public health network	Vocational training scheme- working with NES we have developed a Pharmaceutical Public Health Vocational Training Scheme for Expert Practice, which will see the first trainee graduate this autumn.
Scottish Oncology Pharmacy Practice Group (SOPPG)	Supporting development of extended clinical roles for cancer pharmacists and technicians to include non-medical prescribing, reflect on our expertise and promote our profession in it's own right to improve the experience of cancer patients.
Scottish Practice Pharmacy & Prescribing Advisors Association (SP₃AA)	To contribute to the training, developmental and educational needs for all current and prospective employees involved in General Practice prescribing management and pharmacy.
National Acute Pharmacy Services	Working with NES and education providers to develop advanced training for pharmacists and pharmacy technicians. This work is at an early stage but is a priority for the future. Keen to work with SG, RPS and NES to develop this framework and to explore further the role of the consultant pharmacist to provide senior leadership within acute pharmacy services The Clinical Pharmacy Subgroup of NAPS is developing an IP strategy to inform how we best utilise Pharmacist IPs in the future
Primary Care Pharmacy Group	Risk to community pharmacy workforce, and therefore service provision and development, linked to pharmacotherapy element of the new GP contract.
National Pharmacy Technician Group Scotland (NPTGS)	Influence the content of the IET standards for pharmacy technicians as the recently reviewed standards will not produce pharmacy technicians with the skills required from day one in modern pharmacy or on which to develop advanced professional practice without the need for continued certification. Develop a career framework for pharmacy technicians to enable staff development, competence, succession planning and improve recruitment and retention. Propose working with NES to develop cross boundary training for PTPTs and PTs Explore development of national person specifications to minimise variation Explore with NES how funding for pharmacy technician post qualification training can be enhanced and more equitable with funding available for pharmacists Gather information from all HBs to produce a workforce report on for the pharmacy technician workforce Highlight the requirement to fund PTPT posts centrally to meet current and future demand; (e.g. demands in the new GMS contract and primary care funding) Create a shared understanding of professional leadership development Development of careers guidance and promotion to encourage individuals to train as a pharmacy technician

8. Digital information and technologies

Diabetes SIG	Utilisation of HEPMA to facilitate accurate prescribing of diabetes medications.
Association of Scottish Antimicrobial Pharmacists (ASAP)	HEPMA and use of electronic alert antibiotic forms on TRAK to facilitate appropriate use of very broad-spectrum antibiotics.
Mental Health SIG	Challenge stigma within Pharmacy
Scottish Viral Hepatitis Pharmacy Group	Supporting digital solutions to enhance service delivery (particularly in community pharmacy)
Scottish Pharmacists in Substance Misuse Group (SPiSMs)	Supporting digital solutions to enhance service delivery To date the group have supported, developed, piloted and implemented a number of IT based solutions which aim to improve pharmaceutical care and facilitate service delivery.
Association of Scottish Medicines Information Practitioners (ASMIP)	Liaison with NES Knowledge Services team regarding National Subscriptions Input into the evidence supporting the Scottish Government polypharmacy document and accompanying app.
Renal Pharmacist group	Support patients to use Renal Patient view (to access their blood results etc)
Scottish Hospital Pharmacists Education and Training group	Ensuring maximum use of digital information and technologies for education and training e.g. currently use Education and Training SIG at NHS Scotland Pharmacy e-community for sharing information
Scottish Oncology Pharmacy Practice Group (SOPPG)	Providing support for systems for e-prescribing of SACT from which reliable data can be extracted to inform future service planning. Consider routes of communication between all pharmacy sectors to optimise patient care.
National Acute Pharmacy Services	NAPS members are key stakeholders in both HEPMA and automation in hospital pharmacy. Three boards have already implemented HEPMA and others are developing business cases and action plans for the next five years. NAPS are also important stakeholders for other actions described within this section of AEIPC.
Primary Care Pharmacy Group	Support ongoing development of CMS serial prescribing and dispensing and PCR amendment Support the adoption of new technologies to free time to care for community pharmacy i.e. robotics
National Pharmacy Technician Group Scotland (NPTGS)	Share experiences of HEPMA and other technologies implementation, learning etc. to support implementation in forthcoming HBs

9. Sustainable pharmaceutical care services

Mental Health SIG	Consider how to use technology more effectively to support and improve care
Scottish Viral Hepatitis Pharmacy Group	Enhancing pharmaceutical care pathways (e.g. pharmacists led clinics out of hospitals, IP roles, clinical assessments and leading in advice for complex patients
Scottish Pharmacists in Substance Misuse Group (SPiSMs)	Development of a national framework to make community supplies of naloxone providing consistency of practice across Scotland in response to a change of legislation. Reviewing and modernising Service Level Agreements for delivery of substance misuse services
Association of Scottish Medicines Information Practitioners (ASMIP)	Support a sustainable pharmacy service via enquiry answering service to support clinical teams, training input and resource provision
Pharmaceutical public health network	Pharmaceutical Care Service Planning- further developing methodologies to inform PCSP and developing quality indicators for services. Access to medicines and advice- Research into access to medicines and pharmacy advice in remote and rural communities Access to medicines- representing the public health input into the Scot Gov's Access to Medicines agenda to ensure that patients have access to the most appropriate medicines for their needs and that the NHS gets best value at a population level for the funding available.
Scottish Oncology Pharmacy Practice Group (SOPPG)	Dose banding, other efficiencies/cost saving initiatives, capacity planning to future-proof delivery of SACT and reflection on data to inform future service planning.
Primary Care Pharmacy Group	Work with Public Health colleagues to develop pharmaceutical needs analysis with a view to more developed pharmaceutical care planning.